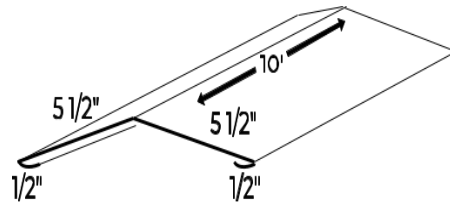
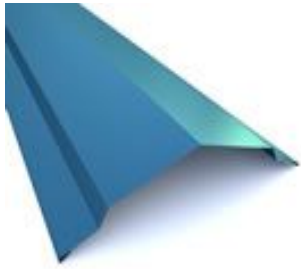




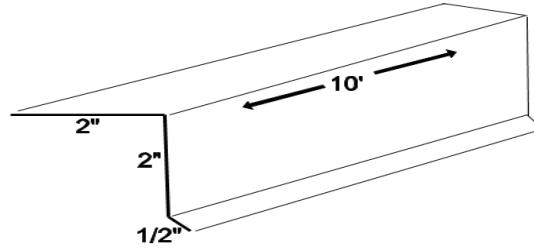
Metal Center

METAL ROOFING SUPPLY



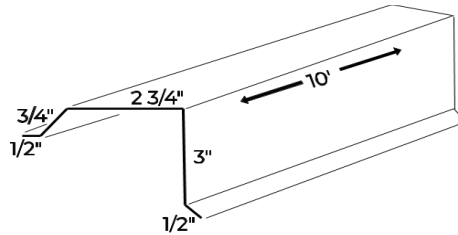
Ridge Cap

Where metal panels meet at the top of a roof, a ridge cap is used to provide a watertight connection.



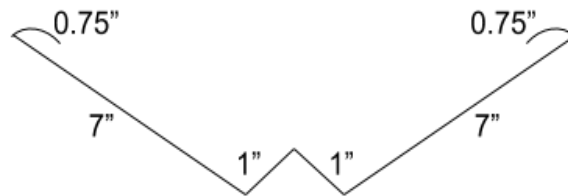
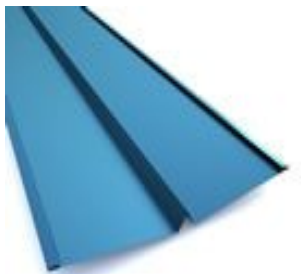
Eave Trim

The bottom edge of a roof section is protected by eave drip and fascia metal.



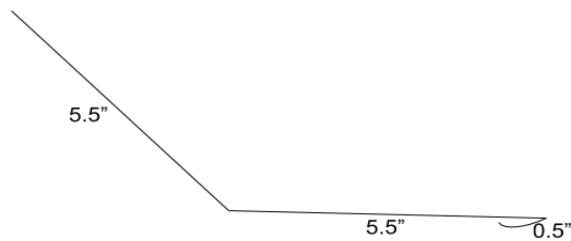
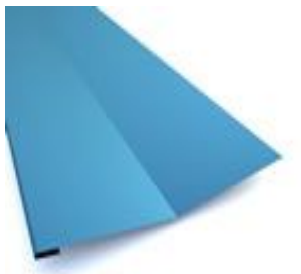
Rake / Gable

Where the long side of a panel meets the side of the roof section a gable rake trim is used to seal the panel edge.



Valley

Where two slopes meet at a low point, a valley flashing is required to provide a continuous drainage path.



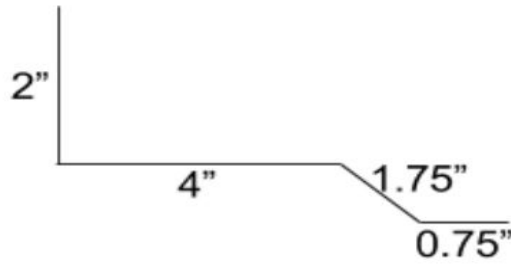
Transition

Transition flashing is used where roof sections change slope.



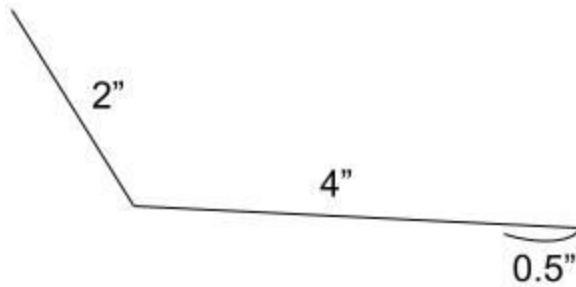
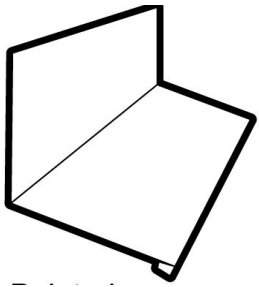
Metal Center

METAL ROOFING SUPPLY



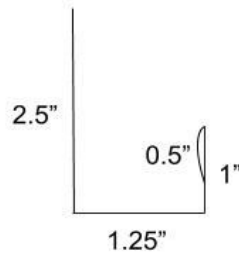
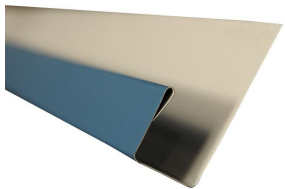
Sidewall

Sidewall and endwall trims are installed to provide a watertight transition between a wall and roof section.



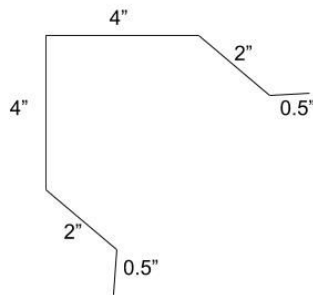
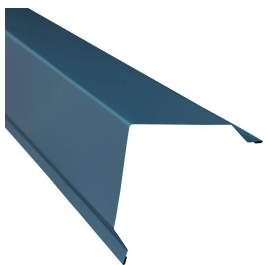
Endwall

Sidewall and endwall trims are installed to provide a watertight transition between a wall and roof section.



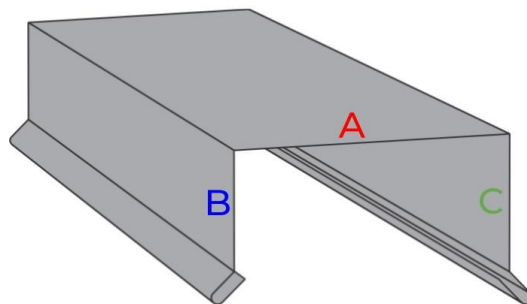
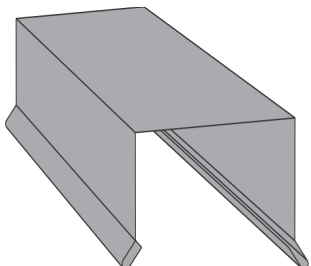
Header

Used to cap off the top or bottom of a metal panel. Commonly used as a cap on fences or trim around windows.



Corner

Used as a corner flashing on metal buildings. Sometimes used as a rake flashing.



Coping / Cap

Caps off a parapet wall per your measurements. Can be made with or without a hem.